Apply the Design Pattern of Entity Component System (ECS) for a cross-platform network layer

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Summary

- Minecraft's game engine is built on an ECS architecture, currently its network and replication system is outside of the ECS
- Our project had 3 main objectives:
  1. To build a sandbox multiplayer game with an ECS engine using ENTT.
  2. To build a replication system around that game.
  3. To recommend a design pattern for an ECS replication system for Minecraft.

Terminology

- **Serialization**: The process of translating an object into a format that can be stored and reconstructed later.
- **Deterministic Lockstep**: A game networking technique in which the only messages sent from the user to the server are controls. The server simulates the game and responds to controls by sending game updates to all users.
- **Replication**: Sharing information to ensure consistency across all nodes in a networked system.

Entity Component System

An alternative to standard inheritance. Components hold only data and no behavior, systems hold only behavior and no data, and entities are only 64-bit identifiers.

Replcation Pipeline

- On updating of an entity's networked component, the replication system is notified by enqueing the entity id and component id onto an update map.
- On game tick the map is flushed, all new data is serialized and packetized, and the updates are broadcasted to all clients.

Replication and Serialization

- In ECS, data is held in components. To replicate an entity, we only need to replicate the components.
- To be sent over the network, component data must be serialized.
- We compared the bandwidth vs. Runtime of serialization libraries and chose MsgPack (JSON style).
- Our initial choice was Protobuf, a protocol buffer-based library, but moved away as it didn't make sense in a data driven system.

Game Architecture

- The Game is made of 4 primary systems and several auxiliary subsystems.
- The Game Data is shared across all primary systems.
- Not all systems are being used in the final version as we designed different systems for different serialization libraries like Protobuf and MessagePack.
- In the final version, the reflection system designed for MessagePack is in use.

Networking Structure

- Our game uses deterministic lockstep network design
- The only messages sent by a user are login and controls
- Game logics are entirely processed by the server
- Component updates are broadcasted back to the users via the replication system.
- Cheating is limited, since the server has complete authority over how the game is played. Clients can only send input data over the wire.

Conditional Logic in Serialization

- 20% of Minecraft's components have some sort of conditional logic in how they are serialized.
- Our system allows conditional serialization.
- Additionally, developers can choose to only serialize certain fields at runtime, lowering bandwidth.

Future Work, References, and Acknowledgments

- The current system assumes a reliable data transfer protocol
- Future work would be invested in porting the design to an unreliable protocol

References:

- https://github.com/thekvs/cpp-serializers
- http://www.jenkinssoftware.com/
- https://developers.google.com/protocol-buffers
- https://msgpack.org/index.html