

EarSteth: Phonocardiogram Reconstruction using Earbuds

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Motivation

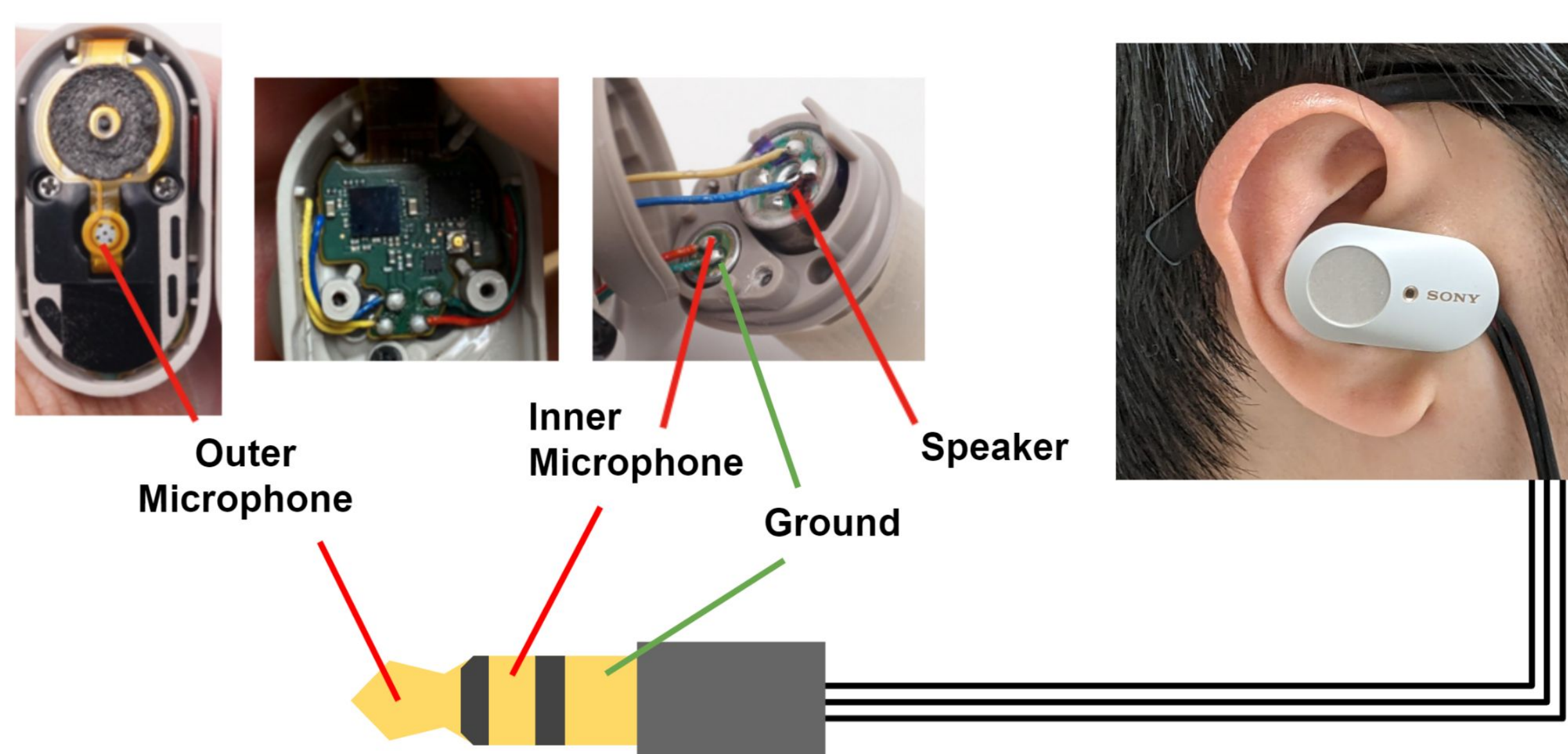
Physicians **auscultate** the heart with a stethoscope to evaluate general health and diagnose irregularities like heart murmurs.

In telehealth, however, physicians cannot easily perform auscultation.

38x

increase in telehealth utilization during COVID

By wiring out the **in-ear microphone** in common consumer active noise-cancelling earbuds, we can record sounds from the ear canal without additional hardware.



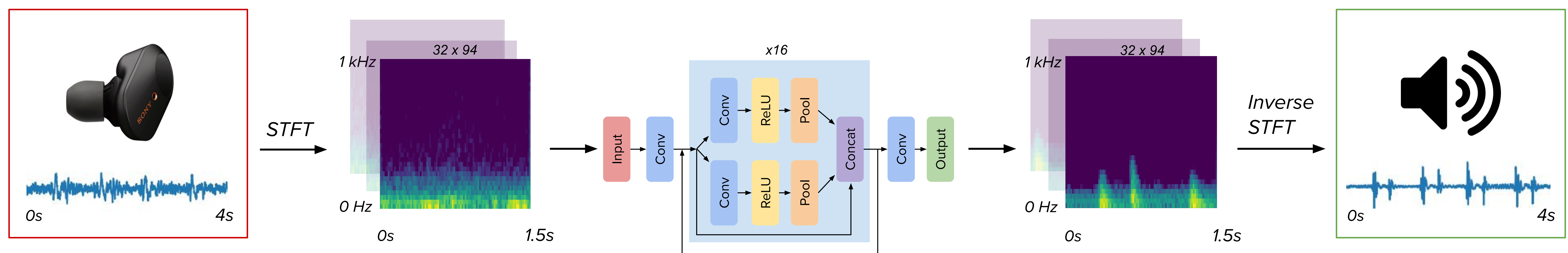
These recordings can be used to **reconstruct stethoscope-like sounds**, potentially enabling:

- Remote heart auscultation for telehealth
- Sporadic heart monitoring without special sensors

13-17%

of all medical visits are via telehealth

Phonocardiogram Reconstruction



Raw Earbud Sounds

Recorded from in-ear mic.

Input Spectrograms

After preprocessing, 1D audio data is windowed and translated into the 2D log-frequency domain.

EarStethNet

A 2D CNN residual network with two receptive fields for preserving both inter- and intra- heartbeat timing. Optimizes for **perceptual similarity** to a digital stethoscope.

Reconstructed Spectrograms

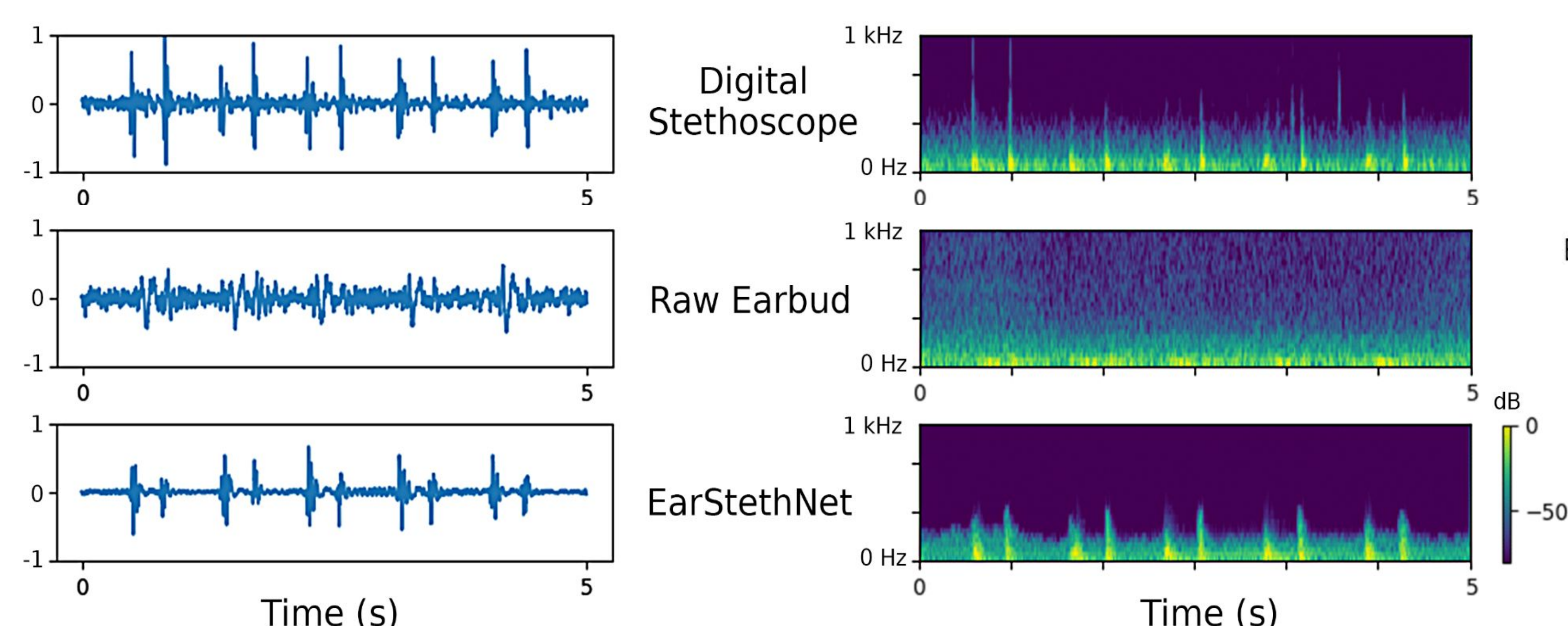
Inverse preprocessing transforms are applied and windows are stitched back together.

Reconstructed Phonocardiogram

Stethoscope-like sounds are reproduced for interpretation by a clinician.

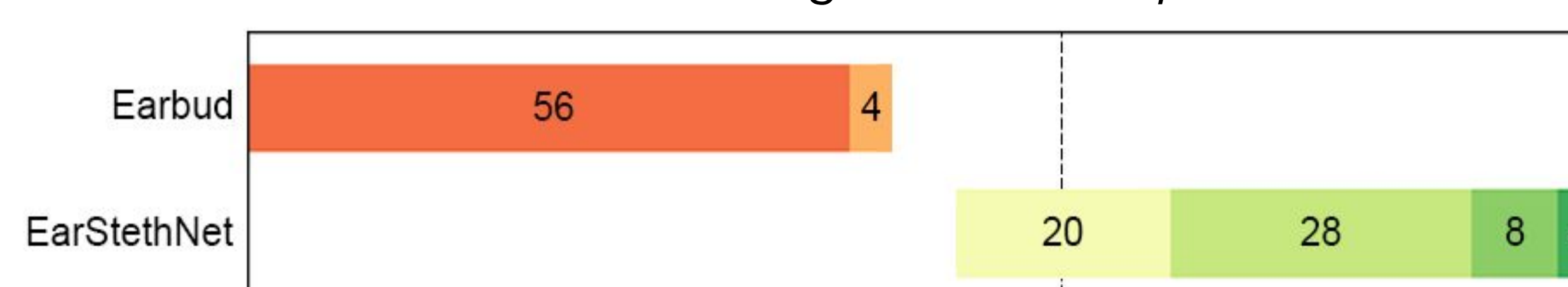
Pilot Study Results

Samples from 15 user pilot study



Survey of 15 clinicians

“The audio from (recording variant) is _____ suitable for auscultation than the digital stethoscope”



Next Steps - Clinical Study

EarSteth is currently trained on mostly healthy heart sounds, but needs to be able to reconstruct irregularities to be clinically useful.